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Jn. 9: 15-21: Jesus Walks On The Water
(Mt. 14:22-32 and Mk. 6:45-52)

- I. An _____ Or _____ For A Supposed _____
Jn. 6:17 cf Mt. 14:22 cf Mk. 6:45
- A. The Supposed _____
1. Jesus Said To Take The Boat To _____ Mt.14:22
 2. Jesus Said Take The Boat To _____ Mk. 6:45
 3. The Disciples Take The Boat To _____ Jn. 6:17
- B. A _____,
Explanation Mt. 14:22 God to The Other Side Is Speaking Of The Their _____
In General Terms; Mk. 6:45
Unto Bethsaidia Is Speaking Of A _____ Stop, Where The
Disciples Were To _____ For Jesus Until _____ And If He
Does Not Come By _____; Then They Were To Go Across The
Sea Of Galilee To _____ Which Was There _____
Jn. 6:17
1. Reason For Believing That Bethsaidia Might Have Been A _____
Stop Is Because Mk. 6:45 Says "while"; Translation Of The Greek Temporal
Conjunction ἕως; English Transliteration *heos*; The Word Is Used To Denote
A _____ Of _____; Can Be Translated "Until"
Mt. 2:9, 13, 17:9; 24:39
- II. The _____
- A. The Boat Was _____ From The _____
1. The Boat Was In The "Midst Of The Sea" / "Many Stadia" Mt. 14:24;
Translation Of The Greek Word στάδια; English Transliteration "*stadia*";
A Unit Of Measure About _____ Feet
 2. The Boat Was In The "Midst Of The Sea" Mk. 6:47; Translation Of The
Greek Word μέσος; English Transliteration *mesos*; Means _____

3. The Boat Was About 25 Or 30 *Furlongs* Out To Sea; Translation Of The Greek Word στάδια; English Transliteration *stadia*; One *Stadia* = About 1/8th Of A Mile; Thus 25 Or 30 *Stadia* Would Be About _____ Miles

B. The Sea Was _____

1. Jn. 6:9 "*Because of the great wind the sea **arose***"; Translation Of The Greek Word διεγέρω; English Transliteration *diegero*; _____ Tense Denoting The _____ Nature Of The Rising And Falling Swells

2. Mt. 14:24 "*But the boat was now in the midst of the sea **tossed** / **battered** / **buffeted** with waves*" Translation Of The Greek Word βασανίζω; English Transliteration *Basanidzo*; The Word Literally Means To _____; It Is Used Figuratively Of Any Kind Of _____; Rev. 20:10; The Verb Is In The _____ Tense; The Action Was _____

C. The Disciples See Jesus _____ On The Sea Jn. 6:19; Mk. 6:48-49 Mt. 14:26

1. The _____ Of The Incident: The Fourth Watch Of The Night Mt. 14:25; Mk. 6:48; Between _____ And _____

2. _____ Testimony Jn. 6:19 cf Mt. 14:26; Mk. 6:49

3. The Fact That Jesus Was _____ Walking _____ The Water Is Emphasized

a. Jn. 6:19 "*On*"; Is A Translation Of The Greek Preposition ἐπί; English Transliteration *epi*; Primary Meaning Is _____

b. Matthew Stresses The Fact By _____ It Mt. 14:25,

And He Places The Prepositional Phrase "*on the sea*" In The _____ Position In Mt. 14:26

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D. Jesus Commands The Disciple To "*Fear Not!*" Jn. 6:10 Translation Of The Greek Phrase μή φοβείσθε; English Transliteration *me phabeisthe*; The Negative Particle Plus The Verb In The _____ Tense and _____ Mood Form Is Used To Command A _____ To An Action That Is In _____; Thus The Command Is To _____ Being _____

III. Observations For _____ Consideration

- A. Though Jesus Was Out Of The Disciples _____ For A Time, The Disciples Were Never Out Of His Or Out Of His _____ Care And _____ Jn. 6:15; Mt. 14:23; Mk. 6:40; Heb. 13:5-6; Heb. 7:25

- B. Not Only Is Jesus _____ Over Physical Storms And _____ To _____ His Followers And _____ Them Safe, He Is Lord Over The _____ Things We Will _____ In This World And Will Provide _____, Divine _____ And _____ So That We May Bear Up Jn. 16:33; Acts 14:22; 1 Cor. 10:10-13; 2 Cor. 1:4; 14:17; 2 Cor. 9:8; 12:9-10; Phil. 1:28-29; 4:13; 2 Tim. 3:12; 4:17-18; Heb. 10:32-33; James 1:2; 1 Pet. 1:3-7; 4:2-16

- C. Jesus Came To The Disciples In The _____ And He Is There In _____ Times Of _____ 2 Cor. 1:4-6